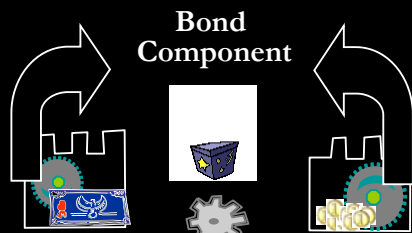


- **Unbundling structured products**
 - Structured Bonds Italian market
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Present Value



Derivative Component



Derivative Component

REDUCE

Bond Component

Derivative Component

REDUCE

Bond Component

Structured Products

Derivative Component

INCREASE

Bond Component

Derivative Component

INCREASE

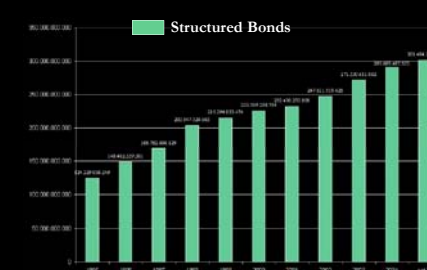
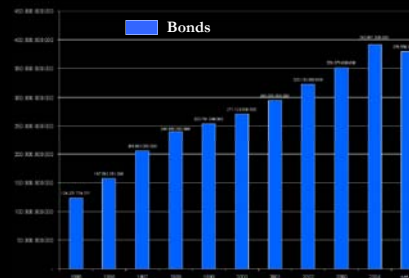
Bond Component

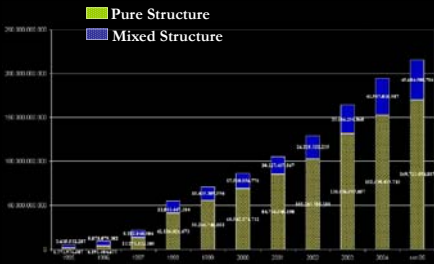
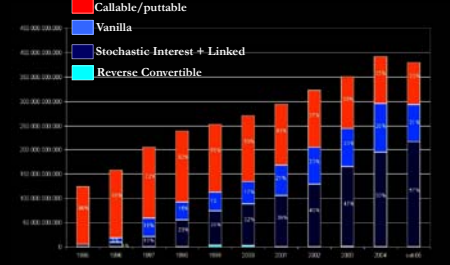
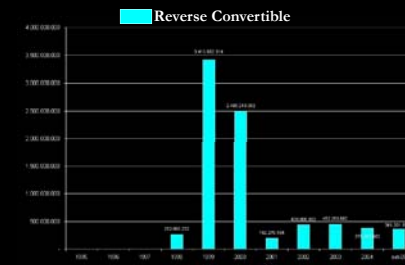
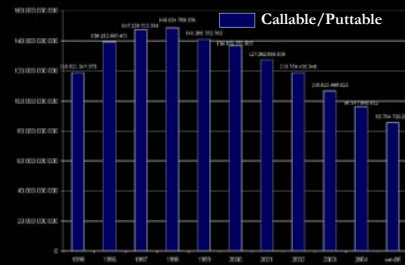
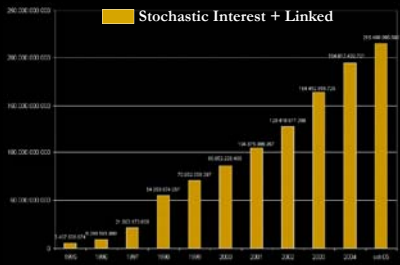
Structured Bonds

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Structured Bonds in Italy

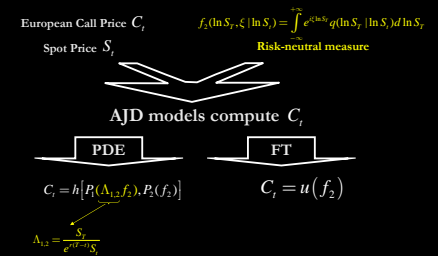
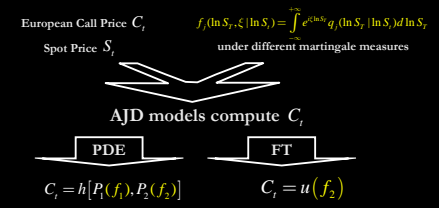
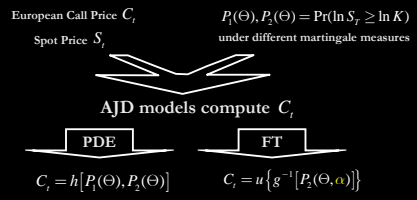
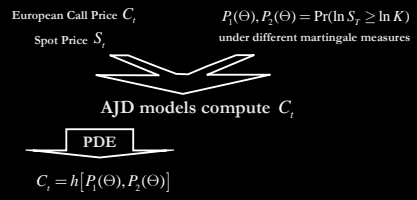
Primary Market trend
1995 – sept '05





- Syllabus of the presentation
- **Unbundling structured products**
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Minenna, A guide to quantitative Finance, RiskBooks 2006



$$C_t = S_t \left[\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \Re \left(\frac{e^{i\xi \ln S_T}}{i\xi} f_1 \right) d\xi \right] - K e^{-r(T-t)} \left[\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \Re \left(\frac{e^{i\xi \ln S_T}}{i\xi} f_2 \right) d\xi \right]$$

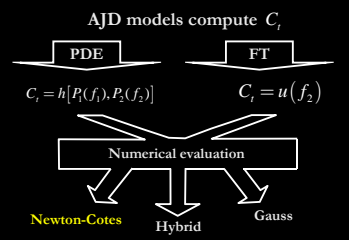
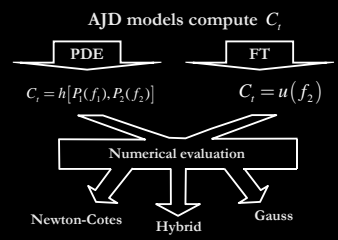
PDE

AJD models compute C_t

AJD models compute C_t

FT

$$C_t = \frac{e^{-\alpha \ln K}}{\pi} \int_0^{+\infty} \Re \left(\frac{e^{i\xi \ln K} e^{-i\xi} f_2(\xi - (\alpha + 1)i)}{\alpha^2 + \alpha - \xi^2 + i(2\alpha + 1)\xi} \right) d\xi$$



$$C_t \approx \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{\pi} \right) S \sum_{j=0}^N \frac{1}{2^j} \mathbb{R} \left[\frac{e^{-\frac{\alpha \ln K}{i(j+\varepsilon\delta)}}}{i(j+\varepsilon\delta)} f_1 \left(j \frac{a}{N} \right) \right] - Ke^{-rT-\alpha} \sum_{j=0}^N \frac{1}{2^j} \mathbb{R} \left[\frac{e^{-\frac{\alpha \ln K}{i(j+\varepsilon\delta)}}}{i(j+\varepsilon\delta)} f_2 \left(j \frac{a}{N} \right) \right]$$

PDE

Newton-Cotes schemes compute C_t
Trapezoid rule

Newton-Cotes schemes compute C_t
Trapezoid rule

Newton-Cotes schemes compute C_t
Trapezoid rule

Newton-Cotes schemes compute C_t
Simpson rule

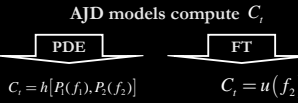
$$C_t \approx \frac{e^{-\alpha \ln K}}{2\pi} \frac{a}{N} \mathbb{R} \left[\sum_{j=0}^N e^{-i j \ln K} f_2 \left(j \frac{a}{N} \right) \right]$$

$$C_t \approx \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{\pi} \right) S \sum_{j=0}^N [3 + (-1)^{j+1} - \delta_j] \mathbb{R} \left[\frac{e^{-\frac{\alpha \ln K}{i(j+\varepsilon\delta)}}}{i(j+\varepsilon\delta)} f_1 \left(j \frac{a}{N} \right) \right] - Ke^{-rT-\alpha} \sum_{j=0}^N [3 + (-1)^{j+1} - \delta_j] \mathbb{R} \left[\frac{e^{-\frac{\alpha \ln K}{i(j+\varepsilon\delta)}}}{i(j+\varepsilon\delta)} f_2 \left(j \frac{a}{N} \right) \right]$$

PDE

Newton-Cotes schemes compute C_t
Simpson rule

Newton-Cotes schemes compute C_t
Simpson rule



Gauss schemes compute C_t
Gauss-Lobatto rule

$$C_t \approx S \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{\pi} \right) a \left[\frac{1}{N(N-1)} \mathbb{R} \left(\frac{e^{-\alpha \ln K}}{i\varepsilon} f_1(\varepsilon) \right) + \mathbb{R} \left(\frac{e^{-\alpha \ln K}}{ia} f_1(a) \right) + \sum_{j=2}^N \frac{1}{N(N-1) [P_{N-1}(\xi_j)]^2} \mathbb{R} \left[\frac{e^{-\frac{\alpha \ln K}{i \left(\frac{1}{2} a(1+\xi_j) \right)}}}{i \left(\frac{1}{2} a(1+\xi_j) \right)} f_1 \left(\frac{1}{2} a(1+\xi_j) \right) \right] \right] - Ke^{-rT-\alpha} \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{\pi} \right) a \left[\frac{1}{N(N-1)} \mathbb{R} \left(\frac{e^{-\alpha \ln K}}{i\varepsilon} f_2(\varepsilon) \right) + \mathbb{R} \left(\frac{e^{-\alpha \ln K}}{ia} f_2(a) \right) + \sum_{j=2}^N \frac{1}{N(N-1) [P_{N-1}(\xi_j)]^2} \mathbb{R} \left[\frac{e^{-\frac{\alpha \ln K}{i \left(\frac{1}{2} a(1+\xi_j) \right)}}}{i \left(\frac{1}{2} a(1+\xi_j) \right)} f_2 \left(\frac{1}{2} a(1+\xi_j) \right) \right] \right]$$

PDE

Gauss schemes compute C_t
Gauss-Lobatto rule

Gauss schemes compute C_t
Gauss-Lobatto rule

$$C_t \approx \frac{e^{-\alpha \ln K}}{\pi} a \left[\frac{1}{N(N-1)} \mathbb{R} (f_2(0)) + \mathbb{R} (e^{-\alpha \ln K} f_2(a)) + \sum_{j=2}^{N-1} \frac{1}{N(N-1) [P_{N-1}(\xi_j)]^2} \mathbb{R} \left(e^{-\frac{\alpha \ln K}{i \left(\frac{1}{2} a(1+\xi_j) \right)}} f_2 \left(\frac{1}{2} a(1+\xi_j) \right) \right) \right]$$

$$C_t \approx -S \left(\frac{1}{2N} + \frac{1}{N\pi} \right) \sum_{j=0}^N \frac{1}{L_{N-1}(\xi_j) L'_N(\xi_j)} \mathbb{R} \left(\frac{e^{-\xi_j (\ln K - \alpha)}}{i \xi_j} f_1(\xi_j) \right) + Ke^{-rT-\alpha} \left(\frac{1}{2N} + \frac{1}{N\pi} \right) \sum_{j=0}^N \frac{1}{L_{N-1}(\xi_j) L'_N(\xi_j)} \mathbb{R} \left(\frac{e^{-\xi_j (\ln K - \alpha)}}{i \xi_j} f_2(\xi_j) \right)$$

PDE

Gauss schemes compute C_t
Gauss-Laguerre rule

Gauss schemes compute C_t
Gauss-Laguerre rule

$$C_t \approx -\frac{e^{-\alpha \ln K}}{N\pi} \sum_{j=1}^N \frac{1}{L_{N-1}(\xi_j) L'_{N-1}(\xi_j)} \mathbb{R} \left(e^{-\xi_j (\ln K - \alpha)} f_2(\xi_j) \right)$$

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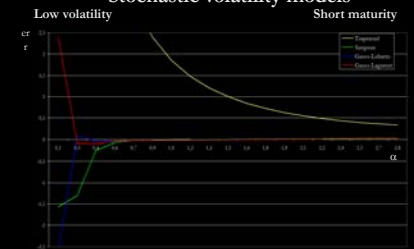
C_t via FT
 $C_t = u \{ g^{-1} [P_2(\Theta, \alpha)] \}$

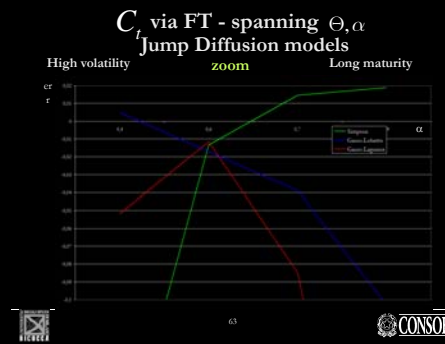
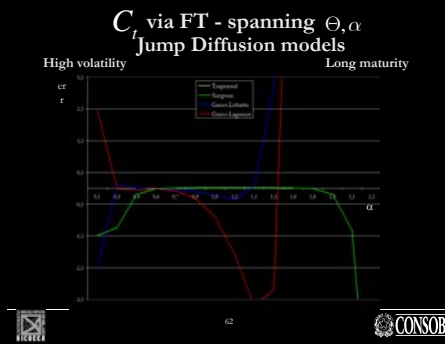
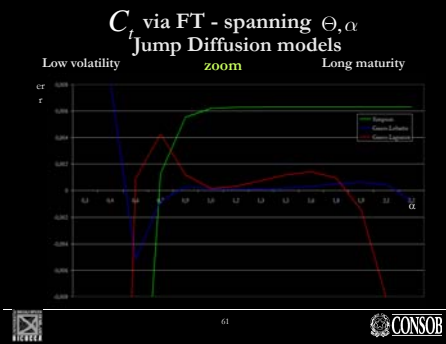
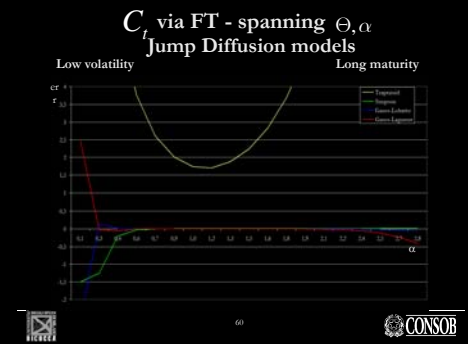
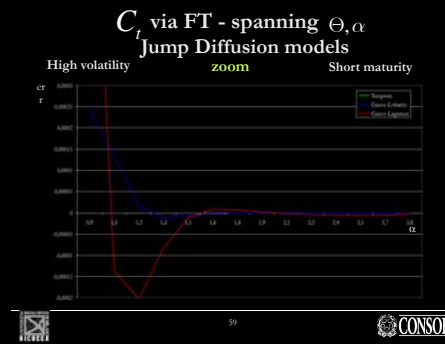
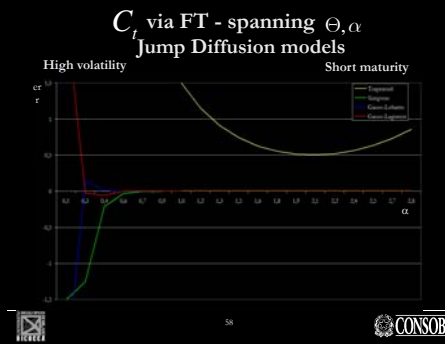
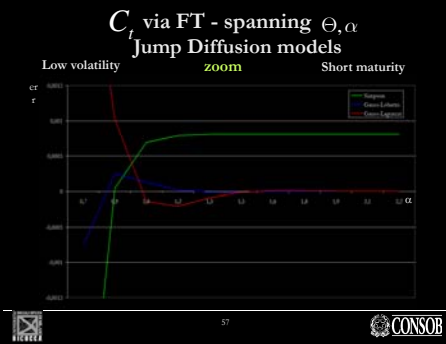
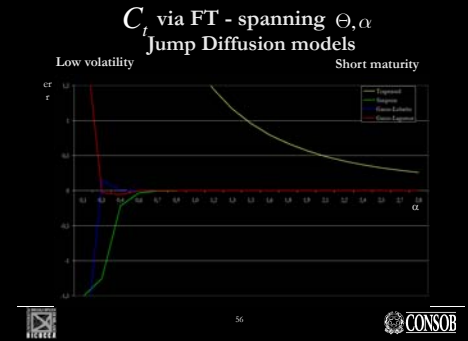
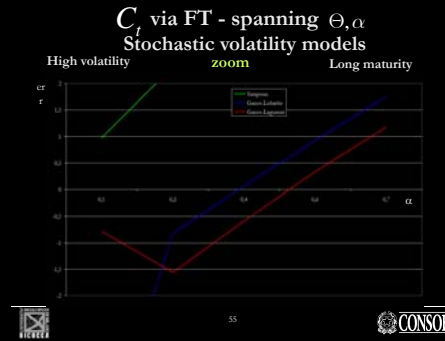
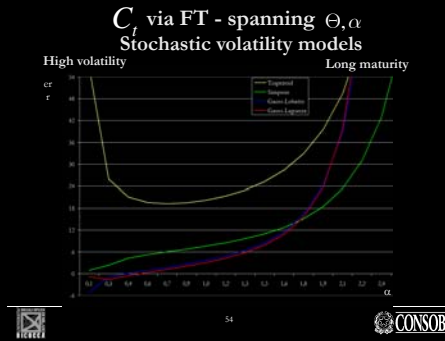
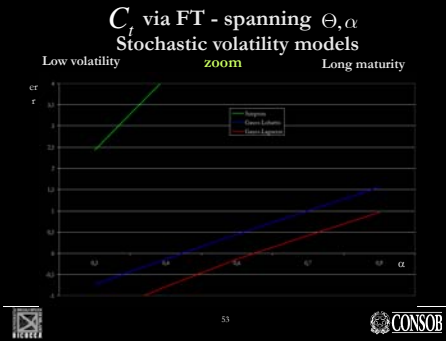
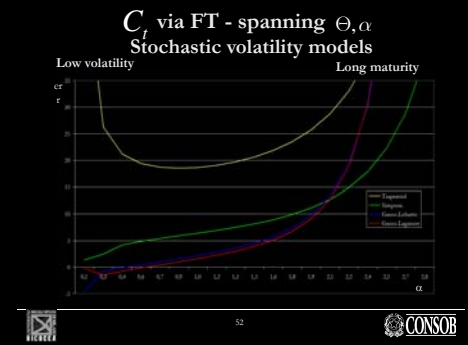
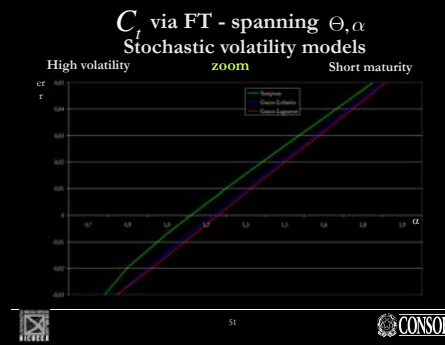
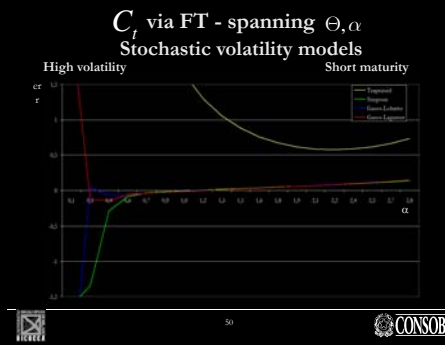
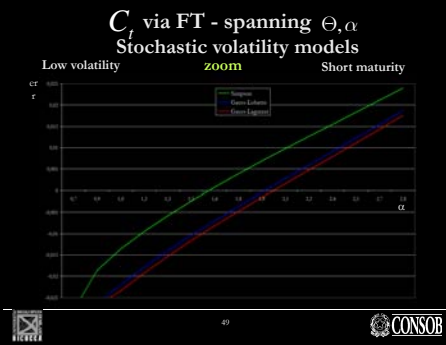
calibration of α

by minimizing C_t via PDE C_t via FT
 $C_t = h [P_1(\Theta), P_2(\Theta)] \quad C_t = u \{ g^{-1} [P_2(\Theta, \alpha)] \}$

calibration of α

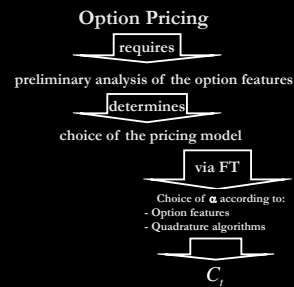
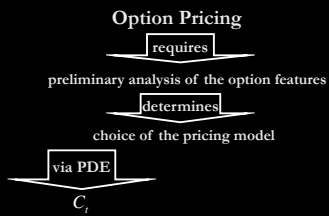
C_t via FT - spanning Θ, α
Stochastic volatility models



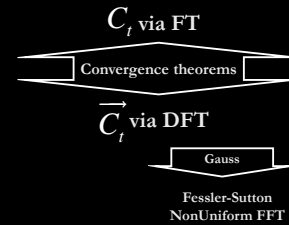
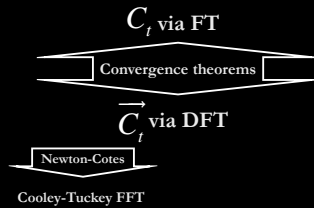
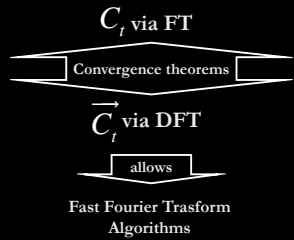
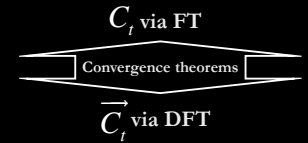


Option Pricing
requires
preliminary analysis of the option features

64



- Unbundling structured products
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- **Implementation of Fast Fourier Transform approach**
 - Rules of Thumb

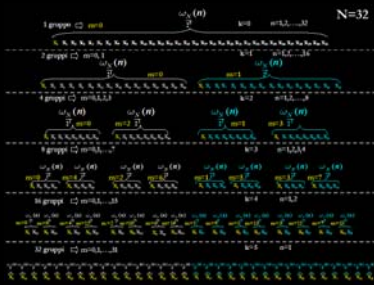


$$C_0(\ln K)_u \approx e^{-\alpha \left(\ln S_t - \frac{N\pi}{a} + \frac{2\pi}{a}(u-1) \right)} \frac{a}{2\pi} \omega^*(u)$$

C-T FFT

Newton-Cotes Convergence Theorem characterization compute \vec{C}_t

Simpson



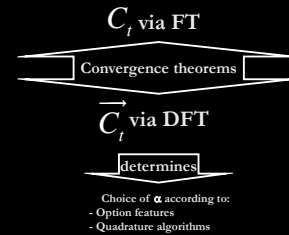
Gauss Convergence Theorem characterization compute \vec{C}_t

Gauss-Laguerre

F-S NU FFT

$$C_0(\ln K)_u \approx e^{-\alpha \left(\ln S_t - \frac{N\pi}{a} + \frac{2\pi}{a}(u-1) \right)} \omega^*(v_u)$$

J. Fessler and B. P. Sutton, Non-uniform fast Fourier transforms using min-max interpolation. Signal Processing, 2001



C_t via FT - spanning Θ, α

Stochastic volatility models

C_t via FT - spanning Θ, α

Jump diffusion models

		VOLATILITY	
		LOW	HIGH
MATURITY	SHORT	Simpson [$\alpha=(1,5,1,0)$] Gauss-Lobatto [$\alpha=(1,9,2)$] Gauss-Laguerre [$\alpha=(1,9,2)$]	Simpson [$\alpha=(1,05,1,1)$] Gauss-Lobatto [$\alpha=(1,15,1,2)$] Gauss-Laguerre [$\alpha=(1,15,1,2)$]
	LONG	Gauss-Lobatto [$\alpha=(0,35,0,45)$] Gauss-Laguerre [$\alpha=(0,6,0,65)$]	Gauss-Lobatto [$\alpha=(0,4,0,45)$] Gauss-Laguerre [$\alpha=(0,5,0,55)$]

		VOLATILITY	
		LOW	HIGH
MATURITY	SHORT	Gauss-Lobatto [$\alpha=(1,4,2)$] Gauss-Laguerre [$\alpha=(1,55,2)$]	Gauss-Lobatto [$\alpha=(1,8,2,2)$] Gauss-Laguerre [$\alpha=(1,8,2,2)$]
	LONG	Gauss-Lobatto [$\alpha=(0,9,1,2)$] Gauss-Laguerre [$\alpha=(0,95,1,05)$]	Simpson [$\alpha=(0,6,0,7)$] Gauss-Lobatto [$\alpha=(0,35,0,45)$] Gauss-Laguerre [$\alpha=(0,6)$]

S u l f l g j # / w u x f w x u n g # \$ u r g x f w \#

Fourier Transform vs Discrete Fourier Transform

From Theory to Trading Desk

